



California Science Center  
**CALIFORNIA STATE SCIENCE FAIR**  
**2001 PROJECT SUMMARY**

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| <b>Your Name</b> (List all student names if multiple authors.)<br><b>Michael F Mennis</b>   | <b>Science Fair Use Only</b><br><br><h1 style="margin: 0;">J0423</h1>  |
| <b>Project Title</b> (Limit: 120 characters. Those beyond 120 will be ignored. See pg. 9)<br><b>Liquid Battery</b>  | <b>Division</b><br><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <b>Junior (6-8)</b> <input type="checkbox"/> <b>Senior (9-12)</b> |
| <b>Preferred Category</b> (See page 5 for descriptions.)<br><b>4 - Chemistry</b>  |  |
| <b>Abstract</b> (Include Objective, Methods, Results, Conclusion. See samples on page 14.)<br>Use no attachments. Only text inside these boxes will be used for category assignment or given to your judges.  |  |
| <p><b>Objective:</b> The objective of my project was to find the effect of salt and heat on the amount of current produced by a chemical reaction in three liquids.</p> <p><b>Materials and Method:</b> The three liquids I used were: homogenized whole milk (a base); lemon juice (an acid); and distilled water (a neutral liquid). My procedure was to place two alligator clips, one holding an anode and one holding a cathode, in each of the three liquids for ten seconds. The alligator clips were each connected to a copper wire connected into a digital multimeter that measured the amount of current produced by the chemical reaction. The anode was a ten centimeter long piece of magnesium ribbon, and the cathode was two copper pennies. I tested each liquid under the following conditions: plain at room temperature; with 50mL of salt added; heated to 53°C; and with 50mL of salt added and heated to 53°C.</p> <p><b>Results:</b> My results showed that lemon juice plain produced more current than any other plain liquid. When salt was added there was a stronger current than a plain liquid. A heated liquid also produced more current than a plain liquid. A heated liquid with salt produced more current than a liquid with heat only or salt only.</p> <p><b>Conclusion:</b> I concluded that because lemon juice is an acid it reacts the most with alkaline metals like magnesium and copper. Salt, an electrolyte, increases the conductivity of the liquid. Heat, a catalyst, amplifies and speeds up the chemical reaction. Therefore lemon juice with 50mL of salt and heated to 53°C produced the most current.</p> |  |
| <b>Summary Statement</b> (In one sentence, state what your project is about.)<br>My project was to find the effect of salt and heat on the amount of current produced by a chemical reaction in three liquids.  |  |
| <b>Help Received in Doing Project</b> (e.g. Mother helped type report; Neighbor helped wire board; Used lab equipment at university X under the supervision of Dr. Y; Participant in NSF Young Scholars Program) See Display Regulation #8 on page 4.<br>My mother held the electrodes.   |  |