

# CALIFORNIA STATE SCIENCE FAIR 2003 PROJECT SUMMARY

Name(s)

Kristen D. Kelley

**Project Number** 

J1914

## **Project Title**

# **Do Crickets Communicate Information About Their Environment Through Chirping?**

# **Objectives/Goals**

### **Abstract**

Crickets are well known for their chirping behavior. According to research, male crickets chirp for three main reasons: 1) to attract a female, 2) as a warning or 3) when they are fighting. The purpose of this project is to determine if cricket chirping might also contain information about whether the crickets are located in a desirable environment. Information about whether the cricket is currently in a desirable environment would be important for the male crickets to attract females.

#### Methods/Materials

During the experiment, cricket movement was monitored to see if they move towards a preferred environment instead of a plain environment. Their choice of which direction they moved would be based upon chirping information from crickets located within the preferred and plain environments. This was completed by constructing a special testing container with two side compartments for chirping crickets in the two kinds of environments. Control tests were also done with no chirping in order to compare the results.

#### **Results**

The result of the experiment was that 78% of the crickets were attracted towards crickets chirping in the preferred environment. In most of the control experiments the crickets seemed to wander aimlessly.

#### Conclusions/Discussion

The conclusion is that it appears that crickets do exchange information when they are in a preferred environment.

## **Summary Statement**

This project studies whether crickets communicate information about their environment through chirping.

# Help Received

My parents assisted with purchasing the materials and helping create the testing container.