



**CALIFORNIA STATE SCIENCE FAIR
2008 PROJECT SUMMARY**

Name(s) Charles D. Dewey	Project Number S1105
Project Title The Ramifications of Sound Stimuli on the Human Autonomic Nervous System	
Abstract Objectives/Goals By using different tones to cause differing effects in people I found whether or not people's heart rates are changed by the tones I can find which tones soothe and calm people, and which tones cause the opposite response. Methods/Materials By using speakers to project different sounds produced through a media player, I record the information gained by heart rate monitors onto data sheets. Results The Ocean Waves sample on average lowered the heart rate, followed by the Thunderstorm sample. The Fast Tempo music increased the heart rate the greatest, followed by the Babbling Brook sample, then the Slow Tempo music sample. Conclusions/Discussion My hypothesis was partially correct, the Fast Tempo music sample did increase the heart beat, although the Thunderstorm lowered the heart beat instead of raising it. The Ocean Waves sample was the stimuli that lowered the heart beat the most, followed by the Thunderstorm, while the Babbling Brook stimuli increased the heart beat.	
Summary Statement I tested whether audio stimuli would change a subject's heart rate, and if so which sounds were the most effective.	
Help Received Richard Conlan allowed me use of his oscilloscope, Micheal Talley helped build the finger photoplethysmography board.	