

CALIFORNIA STATE SCIENCE FAIR 2008 PROJECT SUMMARY

Name(s)

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Project Number

S1316

Project Title

Tracking Down Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus aureus

Abstract

Objectives/Goals

The objective of this project is analyze at my school the transmission rate of Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus Aureus if an outbreak occurred, and how to prevent such an outbreak.

Methods/Materials

To measure the transmission rate, a SIS model will be used, in which a transmission coefficient (based on the probability of contamination, hygiene and the transmission rate at hospitals) is required. The probability of contamination can be acquired through analysis of handwashing skills-UV lotion will be distributed to consenting subjects and UV lotion residues left on their hands on the day after distribution would show contamination(average surface area of a cut divided by average surface area of UV residue would yield the probability of contamination). Hygiene can be determined through the use of surveys.

Results

The SIS model yielded data showing that if such an epidemic occurred at my school, the transmission rate would be in a linear fashion, infecting about 5 people after a period of 14 days.

Conclusions/Discussion

Since a theoretical MRSA epidemic at my school would occur in a linear fashion, a plan has to be made to stop the epidemic from possibly becoming logarithmic in rate. Students MUST be taught (or re-taught) to wash their hands thoroughly and properly. MRSA awareness should be heightened as well, so that students would not dismiss their possible infection as a mere acne pimple.

Summary Statement

My project concerns calculating the transmission rate of a theoretical MRSA epidemic at my school, in order to help prevent or slow down such an epidemic.

Help Received

My mentor helped me think of the general idea of this experiment, revise my procedures to keep them accurate, showed me my mistakes, and helped me fix these mistakes.