



**CALIFORNIA STATE SCIENCE FAIR  
2014 PROJECT SUMMARY**

<b>Name(s)</b> <b>Tristen M. Snyder</b>	<b>Project Number</b>  34811
<b>Project Title</b> <b>Towers of Power</b>	
<b>Objectives/Goals</b> The objective is to determine which type of wind turbine, horizontal-axis or vertical axis, produces more power. <b>Methods/Materials</b> Two mini wind turbines were constructed using a PVC base and a 7.4V motor. The first turbine used a vertical-axis blade made of a 32 fl. oz. plastic bottle and the second used a horizontal-axis blade made of a 10 x 7 in. three blade propeller. Each turbine was separately tested for power output using a volt meter while running a box fan one foot away from the turbine base, set at the same speed. Ten VDC readings were taken on each turbine. <b>Results</b> The horizontal-axis turbine produced an average of 2.30 VDC and the blades functioned better with the wind. When testing the vertical-axis turbine I found that the wind would often hit both sides of the blade and cancel itself out. The vertical-axis method produced an average of 0.60 VDC. <b>Conclusions/Discussion</b> My conclusion is that the horizontal-axis wind turbine operated better in the wind and produced more power while a vertical-axis wind turbine was found to have more difficulty using the wind to turn the blade and it produced less power.	
<b>Summary Statement</b> My project will help me understand the power generation difference between horizontal-axis and vertical-axis wind turbines to understand why the horizontal-axis method is more commonly used.	
<b>Help Received</b> My father showed me how to safely use the tools to build my project and supervised the process. He drilled out a section of the PVC to fit the motor and connected the wires to the motor.	