

CALIFORNIA STATE SCIENCE FAIR 2014 PROJECT SUMMARY

Name(s)

Guadalupe Melgarejo

Project Number

S1722

Project Title

Native vs. Foreign: Which Plant Is More Resilient against Eucalyptus Leachate?

Objectives/Goals

Abstract

Does Eucalyptol, which is secreted in eucalyptus leaves, affect the development of native and foreign plants and potentially result in the elimnnation of native species in an ecosystem?

Methods/Materials

Using crushed eucalyptus leaves in two different aqueous concentrations, along with water as a control, soaked in paper towels seeds from domestic sources and from Australia were placed and germination rates recorded.

Results

I found that the domestic seeds were largly inhibited in germination and in growth among the survivors while the single Australian seed (Swan River Daisy)was considerably moreactive in growth and the germination rate was found to be 100%.

Conclusions/Discussion

The eucalyptus leaves containing eucalyptol inhibited the germination and growth of the seeds found domestically in the United States while the Australian seed had greater growth and percent germination in comparison.

I would conclude the Australian seed has developed resistance to the inhibiting affects of the eucalyptus leachate (eucalyptol) over time which would explain its' higher rates of survival and growth.

Summary Statement

Eucalyptus chemicals will inhibit domestic plant growth and germination far more than native Australian plants that have developed resistance to the Eucalyptus chemicals llike eucalyptol.

Help Received

Mr. Callaway, my Biology teacher, acted as my advisor.