



**CALIFORNIA STATE SCIENCE FAIR  
2003 PROJECT SUMMARY**

<b>Name(s)</b> <b>Victoria B. Hilley</b>	<b>Project Number</b> <b>J1299</b>
<b>Project Title</b> <b>Arches and Loops and Whorls, Oh My! A Study of Fingerprint Patterns</b>	
<b>Abstract</b> <b>Objectives/Goals</b> The objective of my project was to investigate which basic fingerprint pattern, Loop, Arch, or Whorl, had the probability to be the most common. I believe the basic Loop pattern will be the most common by about 50%. Second, the Arch will fall about 30% and then the Whorl pattern will show about 20% probability. This experiment involved taking large numbers of fingerprints from several classes. <b>Methods/Materials</b> I took a student's right wrist with my left hand, his/her right index finger with my right hand, and gently but firmly pressed the finger onto the inkpad. Using the same pressure, I then pressed the student's finger onto the fingerprint card, making sure the fingerprint was clear and free of smudges. I repeated the experiment with the remaining students in the class, then with with the remaining classes from 3rd to 5th grade. I counted and categorized all the fingerprints collected. <b>Results</b> After applying the experimental probability, the results partially confirmed my objective: the basic Loop patterns have a 49% probability (I predicted 50%). However, the basic Whorl patterns calculated to have 32% probability (I predicted 20%), and the basic Arch patterns have 19%(I predicted 30%). I also observed that taking fingerprints took practice. Some prints were difficult to "read", while others were clear and obvious. <b>Conclusions/Discussion</b> Based on the 200 million fingerprint files the FBI has, using a proportionate equation, I calculated about how many people have certain types of prints. However, I will have to perform the experiment on a much larger scale to get a truer picture, because according to the Ventura County Crimb Lab, from their experiences, Loop patterns show up about 60%,(11% difference), the Whorls is about 35% (3% difference), and the Arch at about 5%(a 14% difference)! Findings like these may be essential to anyone working in this field by giving them statistics to work with for any given population, and for any given criminal population.	
<b>Summary Statement</b> My project is about testing probability of which basic fingerprint patterns are common.	
<b>Help Received</b> Mom helped type report. Mesa Union School students for their active participation.	