



**CALIFORNIA STATE SCIENCE FAIR
2004 PROJECT SUMMARY**

Name(s) Ryan Caron; Dylann White	Project Number S0202
Project Title The Science of Snowboarding	
Abstract Objectives/Goals Our Goal was to determine how the length, width, and flexibility, of a snowboard, determine the speed. We tried to factor out as much experimental error as we could. Methods/Materials Procedure: Ryan Stood at the top of a selected area on a snowboard, he waited for Dylann to give him the signal and he rode as fast as he could from point A to point B. She timed him and she recorded the time for each of the three boards. We did the test three times per board tested. We used 3 different boards, a Silence 160cm, a Burton 155cm and a Mellenium 3 158cm. Results The Mellenium 3 158cm board was the fastest by at least 1m/sec and that correlates directly to the fact that it was longer, narrower, and very stiff. Coming in second was the Silence 160cm and it was also very long but very soft and was pretty narrow. The Burton 155cm was the slowest and it was also the shortest. The board was moderately wide and was very flexible. We concluded that our hypothesis was correct. Conclusions/Discussion We found that a longer, narrower, stiffer board was the fastest, and the shorter, fatter and softer the board the slower it would be but it would be much easier to turn and carve on.	
Summary Statement Testing the factors that affect the speed of a snowboard	
Help Received Rip-N-Willies lake tahoe/Heavenly lake tahoe/	