



**CALIFORNIA STATE SCIENCE FAIR  
2009 PROJECT SUMMARY**

<b>Name(s)</b> <b>Karren E. Stille</b>	<b>Project Number</b> <b>J1323</b>
<b>Project Title</b> <b>Is There a Correlation Between Relative Pitch and Gender?</b>	
<b>Abstract</b> <b>Objectives/Goals</b> The purpose of this experiment is to determine if there is a direct correlation between relative pitch and gender. <b>Methods/Materials</b> <ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. Gather the necessary materials.</li><li>2. Record notes F, A, and C along with "Mary Had a Little Lamb" on a recording machine.</li><li>3. Ask a teacher's permission to use classroom students for experiment.</li><li>4. Explain the experiment procedure to the students participating.</li><li>5. Find a quiet place to perform experiment.</li><li>6. Record gender and age of student participating.</li><li>7. Have each student try to hit the notes played, noting details in logbook.</li><li>8. Have student sing "Mary Had a Little Lamb" noting whether or not pitch was achieved.</li></ol> <b>Results</b> Approximately 76% of the girls achieved relative pitch in the experiment, while only 40% of the boys were able to achieve relative pitch. <b>Conclusions/Discussion</b> The hypothesis was correct. More girls were able to achieve relative pitch as compared to the boys. A possible reason is that the boys were in a younger grade level so voice maturity has not yet been reached. Some students hummed rather than sung the song. Further study results are pending as additional experiments are being conducted.	
<b>Summary Statement</b> This experiment is to determine if there is a direct correlation between relative pitch and gender.	
<b>Help Received</b>	