



**CALIFORNIA STATE SCIENCE FAIR
2009 PROJECT SUMMARY**

Name(s) Aley Barnum; Courtney Bishop	Project Number S1902
Project Title Marco Polo: A Study of Interaural Time Delay and Amplitude Perception	
Abstract Objectives/Goals To determine if when the time delay and volume of sound reaching the ears is changed, then the perception of the source of the sound will change. Methods/Materials Two microphones were set 10 cm apart on anechoic foam. In test A, a beeping sound was played every fifteen degrees on a semicircle with a one foot radius around the mics. In test B, the beeps were played every six inches in a direct line from the mics. The recorded sound waves were converted into graphs on a computer, which compared the left mic to the right mic. Results The amplitude and time delay differed when the origin of the sound changed. Test A supported that time delay can be used reliably to perceive the direction of a sound's source. However, test B did not support volume as a directional source clue because there was no pattern to which mic had a greater amplitude. Conclusions/Discussion Sound perception (on headphones exclusively) can be accurately manipulated in a few steps: 1. Make an exact copy of the track (track A and track B) 2. Decide what direction you want the sound to come from 3. Find the appropriate time delay 4. Play track A in one ear, wait the time delay, then play track B in the other.	
Summary Statement This project is a study of how sound is perceived and how to accurately manipulate its perception.	
Help Received Erik Barnum helped create computer program.	