



**CALIFORNIA STATE SCIENCE FAIR
2010 PROJECT SUMMARY**

Name(s) Yasamin Haider	Project Number S1914
Project Title Determining the Average Diameter of Globular Clusters	
Abstract Objectives/Goals As I was doing background research on globulars, I came across an article by George O. Abell that claimed, "the average linear diameter of globular clusters range from 20 to 100 parsecs or more". I also found a book and method by Ashman and Zepf that supported that claim. I think that the range of the claim should be changed. My instructor, Jeff Adkins, helped me come up with a new method in which I could find the average diameter of globulars. Methods/Materials I found the known distnaces from a list found by william E. Harris. I used Simbad and Aladin Online to obtain the image. Then I used Image J to find the diameter. Then, using the equation I came up with, $d=r*\tan E$, where r is the distance in parsecs. Results I then conducted my own tests and found 18 out of 20 points that demonstared my hypothesis correct. I think that the range of which the claim was made should be changed. Conclusions/Discussion There are globulars whith average diameters less than 20 parsecs.	
Summary Statement Finding the average diameter of globular clusters using a whole new mathematical method I came up with.	
Help Received From my instructor	