

CALIFORNIA STATE SCIENCE FAIR 2014 PROJECT SUMMARY

Name(s) **Project Number** Cassidy M. McKee 34041 **Project Title** How Does X-Ray Radiation Affect a Seed's Germination **Abstract Objectives/Goals** The purpose of my project was to determine f x-ray radiation affected a seed's showth or germination. The experiment involves x-raying a seed then watching it grow. I chose this topic because people like worried mothers who have a child going under an x-ray, curious farmers, and even doctors who specialize in diseases such as cancer that is caused by an x-ray, can use this information Methods/Materials This experiment was done by taking three x-rays of six seeds, three x-rays of another six seeds, and nine x-rays of a different six seeds. Next, soaking the seed starter, batil they were raised and soaked through with water. Then planting the seeds, plus another six for no ladiation, and labeling each number of times they were x-rayed. Next, watching them grow for ten days, and recording everything that happens. Materials were: one x-ray machine, twelve radish seeds, one bag of seed starters, one source of water, three sheets of white paper, one notebook, one ruler of measuring tape one pen or pencil, and four plastic Results

The results showed that the seed that was not exprised to any radiation at all started growing first, and grew to be the tallest. In second place, were the seeds that had line x-rays taken of them. The seeds that were x-rayed three times grew to be one third place and started growing third fastest. Finally, the seed that was x-rayed six times started growing last and grew to be the shortest out of all the amounts of radiation exposure.

Conclusions/Discussion

As stated in my hypothesis, I believe that x-ray radiation wuld slow a seed's growth, and the more times a seed was x-rayed the slower it would grow on the shorter it would turn out to be. The experimental did not support my hypothesis indicating that my hypothesis should be both rejected and supported. I believe the reason I got these results is because it bidn't really matter if the seeds were x-rayed or not. This is because, even though human and plant calls are similar there are still differences in many cases. For a human cell it might take less radiation than a plant's before it starts breaking down because of it's protective layers, so the actual cell might be more flimely than those of a plant. Therefore, a plant's cell could take anywhere from thirty to one hundred x-rays before you could get any sort of reaction. However, for a human you could get ten x-rays and aready start to get early cancer or a disease.

Summary Statement

The purpose of my project is to determine if exposure to x-ray radiation affects a seed's growth, or germination.

Help Received

Auburn Animal Medical Center let me use equipment under supervision of Dr. Ashley