

## CALIFORNIA STATE SCIENCE FAIR 2014 PROJECT SUMMARY

Name(s) **Project Number** Gregory M. Martin 34531 **Project Title** Increasing Lipid Yields in Chlorella vulgaris through Nathal Nitrogen **Depletion Abstract Objectives/Goals** The objective was to increase the lipid per cell of Chlorella vulgaris through natural n trogen depletion by 130% compared to the control. Methods/Materials A sample of Chlorella vulgaris was grown in a homemade photo-bigreactor over two 10 day trials. Cultures in both trials were grown in a vitamin enriched BBM media with varying amounts of nitrogen. The cultures were sampled and those samples were tested for cell counts, using a hemocytometer and microscope, and lipid content, using Nile red dye and a fluorescence assay. Craphs were made for each trial showing cells per mL, lipid indicated by AFUs, AFU provided and the increase in lipid per cell over the 100% nitrogen control. Results The lipid per cell increased immensely in the cultures grows in 20%, 10% and 0% nitrogen levels. The highest value was 500% of the control, on day 10 in that #2 by the 7% culture. This overshot the hypothesis of 130% by almost 4 fold. The 20% culture had the highest overall lipid in trial #2. This culture balanced cell numbers and the amount of ipid per cell **Conclusions/Discussion** The data supported the hypothesis very strongly. The culture depleted the nitrogen naturally in their media and significant lipid per cell increases were ackieved. Cultures started with high nitrogen had the highest cell counts. Cultures started with limited nitrogen yielded the most lipid over a 10 day trial, because they balanced cell count and lipic per cell. Summary Statement ectiveness of Natral Nitrogen Depletion on Chlorella vulgaris. **Help Received** Mother: Found the equitment and helped in planing the asay and editing the paper. Father: Built Bioreactor and helped edit the paper. Elaine Gillium: Helped wtite and edit my paper.