

## CALIFORNIA STATE SCIENCE FAIR 2014 PROJECT SUMMARY

Name(s) **Project Number** Daniela Vainer 34606 **Project Title** Cyanobacteria: A Renewable Energy Source **Abstract Objectives/Goals** Sustainable energy never seemed so green. The use of cyanobacteria as a renew ergy source is highly innovative and current because the world has to look into new atternative ays to create energy that does not burn fossil fuels. The purpose of this project is to identify the most efficient way to create an electrical current generated by a redox reaction from cyanobacterial Methods/Materials Two strains of cyanobacteria, Anabaena inequalis (freshwater) and Synechococcus sp. (marine) were cultured in fresh water Alga-Gro media and sea water supplemented with F2Si respectively, at 22oC and a 13/11 light dark cycle. Each strain was placed in a voltaic pioreastor and the voltage and current were evaluated over time. Media controls were also run for each cyanobacteria Results The results with Anabaena data show that an increase in cell density dould be generally correlated with an increase in voltage. The results demonstrated the voltage output from both Anabaena inequalis and Synechococcus sp. had a cyclical nature that correlated to the 13/1 light dark cycle, with a higher voltage recorded during the light cycle. In this experiment, the heshwater cyanobacteria, Anabaena, produced an initially greater voltage than the marine cyanobacteria, Synechoccocus sp., at 24 hours, although this was not the case after 48 hours (cell density 0.70 absorbance). **Conclusions/Discussion** The results show that it could be possible to generate an even greater voltage with a greater cyanobacteria density. This shows the potential to scale up the voltage bioreactor and generate a greater voltage. The light dark cycle demonstrated a greater voltage output during the light cycle coinciding with photsynthesis. It was not possible to conclude as to which strain of cyanobacteria had the greater potential from these experiments. However the voltage gradually declined over 3 days with both strains indicating that with the experimental set-up they were not self-sustaining in the long term. Future experiments are planned to explore further optimizations and text other strains. Summary Statement poject is to identify the most efficient way to create an electrical current generated by a redox reaction from cyanobacteria. Help Received Dr. Willoughby as teacher and mentor.