

CALIFORNIA STATE SCIENCE FAIR 2016 PROJECT SUMMARY

Name(s) **Project Number** Ryan T. Mikami 36072 **Project Title** Measuring Airfoil Lift/Drag Designs **Abstract Objectives/Goals** The objective of my project is to study six aerodynamic attributes of airfoil des understand how they affect lift and drag forces. Methods/Materials Overall project materials used were balsa wood, spring, guide tracks, a wind turnel, and power tools. Using a spring, I measured the lift and drag of different airfoil designs in a horizonade micro-scale wind tunnel. The wind tunnel simulated a flight of an airfoil Mounting the airfoil in guide tracks allowed movement in specific direction - vertical tracks for lift and horizontal tracks for drag. The airfoil displaced the spring as it moved through the tracks, and using Hooke's Law, the lift and drag were be calculated. Results My results had six conclusions based off of testing. As the velocity doubles, the lift and drag increase. An airfoil with a 25% maximum thickness creates more lift and dray than a 50% maximum thickness. A smooth surface texture has a higher lift/drag ratio than a rough surface texture. A rough surface texture on the trailing edge creates a higher lift/drag ratio than a rough surface texture on the leading edge. A 15 degree angle of attack has the same amount of lift yet less drag than a 23 degree angle of attack. A greater chord creates more lift and drag. A supercritical artfoil creates less lift and drag force than a normal airfoil. Supercritical airfoils cannot greate any first low wind speeds. Conclusions/Discussion Some variables had greater performance impact than others. Based on my experiment, the chord had the greatest positive impact on lift while the angle of attack had the most effect on drag. However, the angle of attack had the greatest effect when comparing lift/drag ratios. Therefore, the experiment suggests that future studies should focus on controlling and main ining angle of attack rather than other aerodynamic variables, such as chord and maximum thiskness to best improve aerodynamic performance Summary Statement different airfoil designs were tested in a homemade micro-scale wind tunnel. **Help Received** My teacher helped set deadlines for the project and reviewed my notebook. My high school mentor gave input on the wind tunnel. My dad taught me how to use power tools to build airfoils and wind tunnel. My mom reviewed my research paper and helped construct the board.